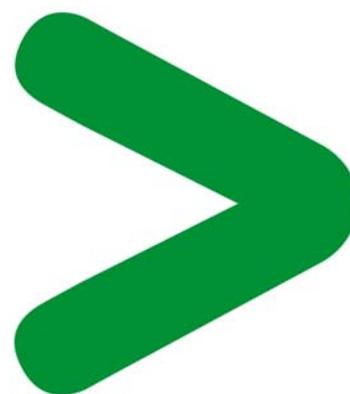


# Product Environmental Profile

**STR Room Temperature Sensor**



# Product Environmental Profile - PEP

## Product overview

The main purpose of the STR Room Temperature Sensor is to act as a remote temperature sensor to a Controller, with or without the possibility to change temperature in the room. This range consists of Room Sensors, except types only equipped with a Thermistor or types equipped with LCD.

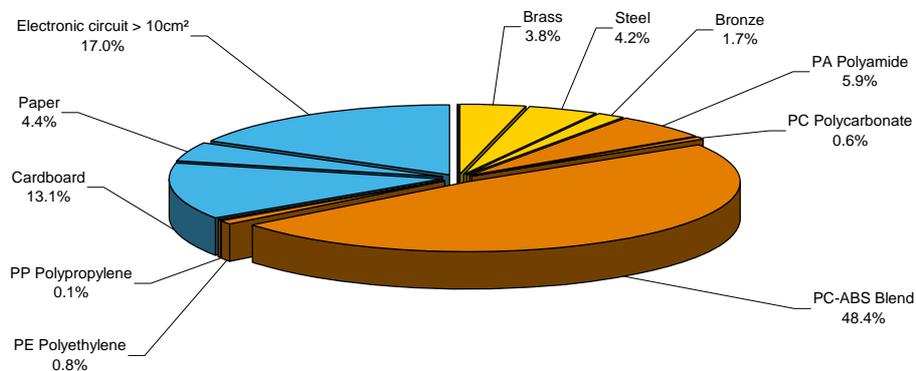
The representative product used for the analysis is STR106 Ref: 004600500.

The environmental impacts of this referenced product are representative of the impacts of the other products of the range which are developed with a similar technology.

The environmental analysis was performed in conformity with ISO 14040.

## Constituent materials

The mass of the product range is from 100 g and 124 g including packaging. It is 122 g for the STR106 Ref: 004600500. The constituent materials are distributed as follows:



## Substance assessment

Products of this range are designed in conformity with the requirements of the RoHS directive (European Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003) and do not contain, or only contain in the authorised proportions, lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium or flame retardants (polybrominated biphenyls - PBB, polybrominated diphenyl ethers - PBDE) as mentioned in the Directive.

## Manufacturing

The STR Room Temperature Sensor product range is manufactured at a Schneider Electric production site on which an ISO14001 certified environmental management system has been established.

## Distribution

The weight and volume of the packaging have been optimized, based on the European Union's packaging directive.

The STR Room Temperature Sensor product range packaging weight is 22 g.

It consists of Cardboard - 16g, Paper – 5.3g and PE (LDPE) – 1g.

The product distribution flows are optimized by Schneider Electric's production site in Västerhaninge, Sweden and set up as the distribution center to service both international and local market areas.

## Use

The products of the STR Room Temperature Sensor range do not generate environmental pollution (noise, emissions) requiring special precautionary measures in standard use.

The electrical power consumption depends on the conditions under which the product is implemented and used. The electrical power consumed by the STR Room Temperature Sensor range is between 0.01W and 0.07W. It is 0.07W in active mode and 0% in standby mode for the referenced STR106 Ref: 004600500.

# Product Environmental Profile - PEP

## End of life

At end of life, the products in the STR Room Temperature Sensor range have been optimized to decrease the amount of waste and allow recovery of the product components and materials. This product range contains PCBAs that should be separated from the stream of waste so as to optimize end-of-life treatment by special treatments. The location of these components and other recommendations are given in the End of Life Instruction document which is available for this product range.

The recyclability potential of the products has been evaluated using the "ECO-DEEE recyclability and recoverability calculation method" (version V1, 20 Sep. 2008 presented to the French Agency for Environment and Energy Management: ADEME).

According to this method, the potential recyclability ratio is: 55%.

As described in the recyclability calculation method this ratio includes only metals and plastics which have proven industrial recycling processes.

## Environmental impacts

Life cycle assessment has been performed on the following life cycle phases: Materials and Manufacturing (M), Distribution (D), Installation (I) Use (U), and End of life (E).

Modelling hypothesis and method:

- The calculation was performed on the STR106 Ref: 004600500.

- Product packaging: is included.

- Installation components: A couple of screws included to be used in certain markets.

- Scenario for the Use phase: this product range is included in the category Energy consuming product: (assumed service life is 10 years and use scenario is: Active phase: consumed power 0.01W to 0.07W (depending on type) during 100% uptime, 24 hours per day, during 10 years.

The electrical power model used for calculation is European model.

The product does not require any special maintenance operations.

End of life impacts are based on a worst case transport distance to the recycling plant (1000km).

### Presentation of the product environmental impacts

Environmental indicators	Unit	STR106 Ref: 004600500					
		S = M + D + I + U + E	M	D	I	U	E
Raw Material Depletion	Y-1	1.49E-14	1.49E-14	2.04E-19	0.00E+00	7.97E-17	2.48E-19
Energy Depletion	MJ	9.29E+01	2.23E+01	1.50E-01	0.00E+00	7.02E+01	1.82E-01
Water depletion	dm <sup>3</sup>	1.74E+01	7.26E+00	1.42E-02	0.00E+00	1.01E+01	1.73E-02
Global Warming	g <sub>CO2</sub>	4.85E+03	1.28E+03	1.18E+01	0.00E+00	3.54E+03	1.44E+01
Ozone Depletion	g <sub>CFC-11</sub>	3.60E-04	1.49E-04	8.37E-06	0.00E+00	1.92E-04	1.02E-05
Air Toxicity	m <sup>3</sup>	9.60E+05	3.67E+05	2.23E+03	0.00E+00	5.88E+05	2.72E+03
Photochemical Ozone Creation	g <sub>C2H4</sub>	1.73E+00	5.04E-01	1.01E-02	0.00E+00	1.20E+00	1.23E-02
Air acidification	g <sub>H+</sub>	7.19E-01	2.37E-01	1.51E-03	0.00E+00	4.78E-01	1.84E-03
Water Toxicity	dm <sup>3</sup>	1.44E+03	4.30E+02	1.48E+00	0.00E+00	1.01E+03	1.80E+00
Water Eutrophication	g <sub>PO4</sub>	1.61E-01	1.53E-01	1.97E-04	0.00E+00	8.33E-03	2.40E-04
Hazardous waste production	kg	9.21E-02	3.33E-02	4.40E-06	0.00E+00	5.88E-02	5.36E-06

Life cycle assessment has been performed with the EIME software (Environmental Impact and Management Explorer), version 4.0, and with its database version 11.0.

The Use phase is the life cycle phase which has the greatest impact on the majority of environmental indicators.

According to this environmental analysis, proportionality rules may be used to evaluate the impacts of other products of this range: Depending on the impact analysis, the environmental indicators of other products in this family may be proportionally extrapolated by the mass of the products for the Manufacturing (M), Distribution (D) and the end of life (E). The environmental impact indicators related to the use phase (U) may be proportionally extrapolated based on the energy consumption of the products.

## System approach

As the products of the range are designed in accordance with the RoHS Directive (European Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003), they can be incorporated without any restriction in an assembly or an installation subject to this Directive.

Please note that the values given above are only valid within the context specified and cannot be used directly to draw up the environmental assessment of an installation.

## Glossary

<b>Raw Material Depletion (RMD)</b>	This indicator quantifies the consumption of raw materials during the life cycle of the product. It is expressed as the fraction of natural resources that disappear each year, with respect to all the annual reserves of the material.
<b>Energy Depletion (ED)</b>	This indicator gives the quantity of energy consumed, whether it be from fossil, hydroelectric, nuclear or other sources. This indicator takes into account the energy from the material produced during combustion. It is expressed in MJ.
<b>Water Depletion (WD)</b>	This indicator calculates the volume of water consumed, including drinking water and water from industrial sources. It is expressed in dm <sup>3</sup> .
<b>Global Warming (GW)</b>	The global warming of the planet is the result of the increase in the greenhouse effect due to the sunlight reflected by the earth's surface being absorbed by certain gases known as "greenhouse-effect" gases. The effect is quantified in gram equivalent of CO <sub>2</sub> .
<b>Ozone Depletion (OD)</b>	This indicator defines the contribution to the phenomenon of the disappearance of the stratospheric ozone layer due to the emission of certain specific gases. The effect is expressed in gram equivalent of CFC-11.
<b>Air Toxicity (AT)</b>	This indicator represents the air toxicity in a human environment. It takes into account the usually accepted concentrations for several gases in the air and the quantity of gas released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the air volume needed to dilute these gases down to acceptable concentrations.
<b>Photochemical Ozone Creation (POC)</b>	This indicator quantifies the contribution to the "smog" phenomenon (the photochemical oxidation of certain gases which generates ozone) and is expressed in gram equivalent of ethylene (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ).
<b>Air Acidification (AA)</b>	The acid substances present in the atmosphere are carried by rain. A high level of acidity in the rain can cause damage to forests. The contribution of acidification is calculated using the acidification potentials of the substances concerned and is expressed in mode equivalent of H <sup>+</sup> .
<b>Water Toxicity (WT)</b>	This indicator represents the water toxicity. It takes into account the usually accepted concentrations for several substances in water and the quantity of substances released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the water volume needed to dilute these substances down to acceptable concentrations.
<b>Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)</b>	This indicator calculates the quantity of specially treated waste created during all the life cycle phases (manufacturing, distribution and utilization). For example, special industrial waste in the manufacturing phase, waste associated with the production of electrical power, etc. It is expressed in kg.

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Independent verification of the declaration and data, in compliance with ISO 14025:2006			
Internal		External	X
In compliance with the ISO 14025:2006 type III environmental declaration standard.			
The critical review of the PCR was conducted by a panel of experts chaired by. J. Chevalier (CSTB).			
The information in the present PEP cannot be compared with information from another programme.			
			

### Schneider Electric Industries SAS

35, rue Joseph Monier  
CS 30323  
F- 92506 Rueil Malmaison Cedex  
RCS Nanterre 954 503 439  
Capital social 896 313 776 €

www.schneider-electric.com

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